GATES COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION Gatesville, North Carolina

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

GATES COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA

List of Principal Officials June 30, 2014

BOARD OF EDUCATION

G. Douglas Lilley, Chairman

Glendale P. Boone, Sr. Vice-Chairman

Claire Whitehurst

Ray Felton

Leslie S. Byrum

OFFICE OF THE SUPERINTENDENT

Dr. Phillip Barry Williams Superintendent Rube Blanchard Finance Officer

INDIVIDUAL SCHOOLS Principals

Vivian Goldsby Buckland Elementary School Sallie Ryan
Gateville Elementary School

Jeremy Wright
T. S. Cooper Elementary School

James Wood Central Middle School

Tammi Ward
Gates County High School

GATES COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA

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GATES COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION, NORTH CAROLINA

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DOUGLAS A. HOLLOWELL, C.P.A.

DONNA HOLLOWELL WINBORNE, C.P.A.

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Members of the Board Gates County Board of Education Gatesville, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Gates County Board of Education, North Carolina, as of and for the year then ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Gates County Board of Education's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statement that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

MEMBERS OF:

THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

THE VIRGINIA SOCIETY OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

THE NORTH CAROLINA ASSOCIATION OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Gates County Board of Education, North Carolina as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and State Public School Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 4 through 10 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provided us will sufficient evident to express and opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Gates County Board of Education's basic financial statements. The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and schedules, budgetary schedules, as well as the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* and the State Single Audit Implementation Act, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, and the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 13, 2014 on our consideration of Gates County Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control

over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Gates County Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Elizabeth City, North Carolina

October 13, 2014

Management's Discussion and Analysis

This section of the Gates County Board of Education's (the Board) financial report represents our discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the Board for the year ended June 30, 2014. This information should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements included in this report.

Financial Highlights

• The Board realized a decreased enrollment of 51 students (or 3%) from the previous year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The audited financial statements of the Gates County Board of Education consist of four components. They are as follows:

- Independent Auditor's Report
- Management's Discussion and Analysis (required supplementary information)
- Basic Financial Statements
- Required supplemental section that presents combining and budgetary statements for non-major governmental funds and budgetary statements for enterprise funds

The Basic Financial Statements include two types of statements that present different views of the Board's finances. The first is the government-wide statements. The government-wide statements are presented on the full accrual basis of accounting and include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the Board's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. Assets and liabilities are classified in the order of relative liquidity for assets and due date for liabilities. This statement provides a summary of the Board's investment in assets, deferred inflows of resources, and obligations to creditors. Liquidity and financial flexibility can be evaluated using the information contained in this statement. The Statement of Activities summarizes the Board's revenues and expenses for the current year. A net (expense) revenue format is used to indicate to what extent each function is self-sufficient.

The second set of statements included in the basic financial statements is the Fund Financial Statements, which are presented for the Board's governmental funds and proprietary funds. These statements present the governmental funds on the modified accrual basis of accounting, measuring the near term inflows and outflows of financial resources and what is available at year-end to spend in the next fiscal year. The proprietary funds are presented on the full accrual basis of accounting. The fund financial statements focus on the Board's most significant funds. Because a different basis of accounting is used in the government-wide statements, a reconciliation from the governmental fund financial statements to the government-wide statements is required. The government-wide statements provide information about the Board as an economic unit while the fund financial statements provide information on the financial resources of each of the Board's major funds.

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the unit as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the Board's assets, deferred inflows of resources, and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the board's net position and how it has changed. Net position – the difference between the board's assets and the total of liabilities and deferred inflows of resources— is one way to measure the unit's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the Board's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.
- To assess the Board's overall health, one should consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the County's property tax base and the condition of its school buildings and other physical assets.

The unit's activities are divided into two categories in the government-wide statements:

- Governmental activities: Most of the Board's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, and administration. County funding and State and federal aid finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities: The Board charges fees to help it cover the costs of certain services it provides. School food service and childcare services are included here.

The government-wide statements are Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the Board's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds. Funds are accounting devices the Board uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs.

- Some funds are required by State law, such as the State Public School Fund.
- The Board has established other funds, such as the Federal Grants fund, to control and manage money for a particular purpose or to show that it is properly using certain revenues.

Gates County Board of Education has two types of funds:

Governmental funds: Most of the Board's basic services are included in the governmental funds, which generally focus on two things – how cash and other assets can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. As a result of this focus, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the

coming year to finance the Board's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, a reconciliation following the governmental funds statements, explains the relationship (or differences) between the government-wide and the fund financial statements. The Board has several governmental funds: the General Fund, the State Public School Fund, the Individual Schools Fund, the Capital Outlay Fund, and the Federal Grants Fund.

The governmental fund statements are Exhibits 3, 4, 5, and 6 of this report.

Proprietary funds: Services for which the Board charges a fee are generally reported in the proprietary funds. The proprietary fund statements are reported on the same full accrual basis of accounting as the government-wide statements. Gates County Board of Education has two proprietary funds – both enterprise funds – the School Food Service Fund and the Child Care Fund.

The proprietary fund statements are Exhibits 7, 8, and 9 of this report.

Financial Analysis of the Schools as a Whole

Net position is an indicator of the fiscal health of the Board. Assets exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$13,126,414 as of June 30, 2014. The largest component of net position is net investment in capital assets, of \$12,336,328. It comprises 93.98% of the total net position.

Following is a summary of the Statement of Net Position:

			Tab	le 1							
	Co	onde	ensed Statem	ent	of Net Positi	on					
	 Government	al A	Activities		Business-ty	pe A	ctivities	 Total Primary	GC	overnment	
	 2014		2013		2014		2013	2014		2013	
Current assets	\$ 1,946,073	\$	1,749,331	\$	333,044	\$	338,162	\$ 2,279,117	\$	2,087,493	
Capital assets	 12,373,607		12,782,233		38,735		48,903	12,412,342		12,831,136	
Total assets	 14,319,680		14,531,564		371,779		387,065	14,691,459		14,918,629	
Current liabilities	1,491,909		1,437,498		33,111		36,840	1,525,020		1,474,338	
Long-term liabilities	38,007		-					38,007		-	
Total liabilities	 1,529,916		1,437,498		33,111		36,840	1,563,027		1,474,338	
Deferred inflows of resources	 2,018		2,600		<u>-</u>	·		 2,018		<u>-</u>	
Net investment in capital											
assets	12,297,593		12,782,233		38,735		48,903	12,336,328		12,831,136	
Restricted net position	226,505		257,713		-		-	226,505		257,713	
Unrestricted net position	 263,648		51,520		299,933		301,322	563,581		352,842	
Total net position	\$ 12,787,746	\$	13,091,466	\$	338,668	\$	350,225	\$ 13,126,414	\$	13,441,691	

Note that net position decreased during the year. The decrease in net position (2.3%) was largely because of the decrease in capital assets in the governmental activities. Unrestricted net position decreased in the business-type activities primarily because of a decrease in current assets in the School Food Service fund. Also note that the Board carries capital assets for which Gates County carries the offsetting debt.

The following table shows the revenues and expenses for the Board for the current fiscal year.

		1	able 2			
	Condensed State	ment of Revenues	, Expenses, and C	Changes in Net Posi	tion	
	Governmental	Activities	Ruciness-t	ype Activities	Tatal Prima	ry Government
	Governmental	Activities	Dusiness-t	ype Activities	Total Tima	ry Government
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 418,012 \$	323,140	\$ 444,115	\$ 491,808	\$ 862,127	\$ 814,948
Operating grants and						
contributions	11,603,269	12,838,405	675,781	660,136	12,279,050	13,498,541
Capital grants and contributions		110.262				1102/2
General revenues:	•	118,262	-	•	-	118,262
Other revenues	5,662,445	5,413,281	24	110	5,662,469	5,413,391
Total revenues	17,683,726	18,693,088	1,119,920	1,152,054	18,803,646	19,845,142
	17,005,720	10,075,000	1,117,720	1,132,034	10,000,040	17,043,142
Expenses:						
Governmental activities:						
Instructional services	12,492,795	13,591,876	-	•	12,492,795	13,591,876
System-wide support services	4,702,462	4,911,511	-	-	4,702,462	4,911,511
Ancillary services	254,945	211,879	-	-	254,945	211,879
Non-programmed charges	(1,603)	(2,715)	-	-	(1,603)	(2,715)
Depreciation	486,721	485,591	-	-	486,721	485,591
Business-type activities:						
Food service	•	-	997,443	1,017,455	997,443	1,017,455
Child care	1505500	-	186,163	210,753	186,163	210,753
Total expenses	17,935,320	19,198,142	1,183,606	1,228,208	19,118,926	20,426,350
Transfers in (out)	(52,126)	(54,834)	52,126	54,834	<u> </u>	•
Increase in net position	(303,720)	(559,888)	(11,560)	(21,320)	• • • •	(581,208)
Net position, beginning	13,091,466	13,651,354	350,228	371,545	13,441,694	14,022,899
Net position, ending	\$ 12,787,746 \$	13,091,466	\$ 338,668	\$ 350,225	\$ 13,126,414	\$ 13,441,691

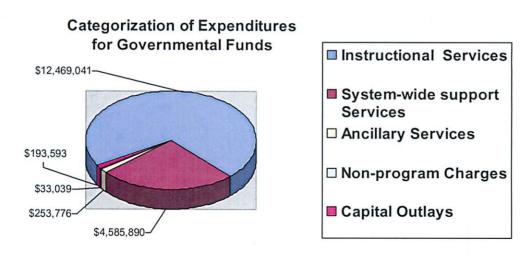
Total governmental activities generated revenues of \$17.6 million while expenses in this category totaled \$17.9 million for the year ended June 30, 2014. Comparatively, revenues were \$18.6 million and expenses totaled \$19.1 million for the year ended June 30, 2013. After transfers to the business-type activities, the decrease in net position stands at \$303,720 at June 30, 2014, compared to \$559,888 in 2013. Instructional services expenses comprised 69.7% of total governmental-type expenses while system-wide support services made up 26.2% of those expenses for 2014. County funding comprised 15.3% of total governmental revenue for 2014. In 2013, county funding was 15.8%. Much of the remaining 84.7% of total governmental revenue for 2014 consists of restricted State and federal money. This revenue represented 84.2% of total revenue in 2013. Business-type activities generated revenue of \$1,119,920 and expenses of \$1,183,606. Net position decreased in the business-type activities by \$11,560, after transfers from the governmental activities of \$52,126.

Financial Analysis of the Board's Funds

Governmental Funds: The focus of Gates County Board of Education's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Board's financing requirements.

The Board's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$1,440,618, a \$206,917 increase over last year. All of the Board's governmental funds, except for the State Public School Fund, Federal Grants Fund, and Capital Outlay Fund, had revenues and other financing sources that exceeded expenditures and other uses. Two sources of funding decreased over the prior year: State funding decreased \$533,811 and county funding decreased \$52,383. Expenditures decreased by \$1,158,618 over the prior year.

Proprietary Funds: The Board's business-type School Food Service Fund reflected a decrease in net position over last year of \$17,672. This decrease was due primarily to a decrease in food sales and also the federal reimbursements. The Child Care Fund reflected an increase of \$6,114 in net position over last year. This increase was due to a smaller amount of bad-debt write-offs for the current year.



Expenditures presented on modified accrual basis of accounting.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the Board revised the budget several times to account for changes in revenue expectations and to reduce appropriations in light of the reduced revenue estimates. Even with the reductions in revenue, the Board was able to reduce spending and end the year with a small surplus. Increases in estimated revenues and corresponding increases in appropriations totaled \$19,196 in the General Fund.

Capital Assets

Capital assets decreased by \$418,793 (or 3.2%) from the previous year. This was due to depreciation expense.

The following is a summary of the capital assets, net of depreciation at year-end.

		Sur	Table nmary of C		al Assets		_		-		
			·								
	 Governmenta	l Act	ivities	<u> </u>	usiness-ty	e A	ctivities	,	Total Primary	G	vernment
	2014		2013		2014		2013		2014		2013
Land	\$ 53,670	\$	53,670	\$	-	\$	_	\$	53,670	\$	53,670
Construction in progress	51,570		-		-		-		51,570		-
Buildings	11,527,556	1	1,921,855		-		-		11,527,556		11,921,855
Furniture and equipment	165,540		224,953		38,735		48,903		204,275		273,856
Vehicles and motorized											
equipment	 575,271		581,755		-		-		575,271		581,755
Total	\$ 12,373,607	\$ 12	2,782,233	\$	38,735	\$	48,903	\$	12,412,342	\$	12,831,136

Debt Outstanding

During the year, the Board's outstanding debt increased by \$76,014 due to installment financing for replacement school buses. The Board is limited by North Carolina General Statutes with regards to the types of debt it can issue and for what purpose that debt can be used. The County holds virtually all debt issued for school capital construction.

Economic Factors

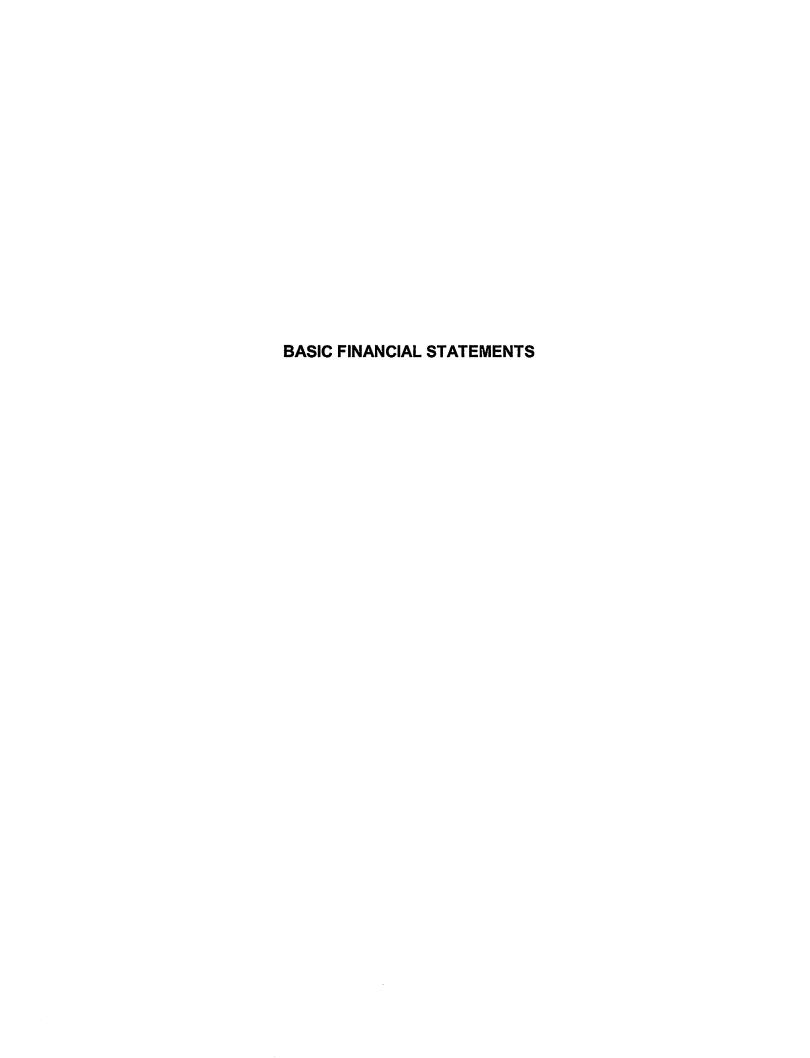
County funding is a major source of income for the Board; therefore the County's economic outlook directly affects that of the schools. The following factors have positively affected the economic outlook of Gates County.

• The County is has a current unemployment rate of 6.9%, slightly higher than the state average of 6.8%.

Requests for Information

This report is intended to provide a summary of the financial condition of Gates County Board of Education. Questions or requests for additional information should be addressed to:

Rube F. Blanchard, Finance Officer Gates County Board of Education 205 Main Street Gatesville, NC 27938



GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Gates County Board of Education, North Carolina Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

	Primary Government							
	Go	vernmental	Bus	iness-type				
		Activities	A	ctivities		Total		
				_				
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,629,314	\$	249,321	\$	1,878,635		
Due from other governments		319,145		28,627		347,772		
Accounts receivable		963		23,353		24,316		
Internal balances		(3,349)		3,349		-		
Inventories		-		28,394		28,394		
Capital assets								
Land and construction in progress		105,240		-		105,240		
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		12,268,367		38,735		12,307,102		
Total capital assets		12,373,607		38,735		12,412,342		
Total assets		14,319,680		371,779		14,691,459		
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	186,895	\$	-	\$	186,895		
Accrued salaries and wages payable		316,542		-		316,542		
Parent deposits		-		500		500		
Long term liabilities								
Due within one year		988,472		32,611		1,021,083		
Due in more than one year		38,007				38,007		
Total liabilities		1,529,916		33,111		1,563,027		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		2,018				2,018		
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets		12,297,593		38,735		12,336,328		
Restricted for:		,,		00,.00		,000,020		
Individual schools		162,343		_		162,343		
Stabilization by state statute		14,559		_		14,559		
School capital outlay		49,603		_		49,603		
Unrestricted		263,648		299,933		563,581		
Total net position	\$	12,787,746	\$	338,668	\$	13,126,414		

Gates County Board of Education, North Carolina Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

		_		rog	gram Revenu	es		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Positio			let Position
					_				Prim	ary Government	
			01		Operating	Capital Grants		•	_		-
Function/Programs	Expenses		Charges for Services		Grants and ontributions	and Contributions		Governmental Activities	В	usiness-type Activities	Tetal
Primary government:	Expense	<u> </u>	Jei Vices	-	Ulia inations	Contributions	_	Acuvides		Acuvides	Total
Governmental activities:											
Instructional services:											
Regular instructional	\$ 7,197,8	79	\$ 19.500	\$	5.870.661	\$ _	\$	(1,307,718)	æ	- \$	(1,307,718)
Special populations	1,425,5		4 15,000	Ψ	1,315,349	Ψ -	Ψ	(110,219)	Ψ	- ψ	(110,219)
Alternative programs	875,0				822.995	_		(52,086)		-	(52,086)
School leadership	1,084,3				516,869	_		(567,470)		-	(567,470)
Co-curricular	1,004,3		-		310,009	-		, , ,		•	
School-based support	1,804,7		391,816		866.386	•		(105,217)		•	(105,217)
	1,004,7	' '	391,010		000,300	-		(546,509)		•	(546,509)
System-wide support services:	405.4	07			400.004			(55.050)			(55.050)
Support and development	195,1	87	-		139,931	•		(55,256)		-	(55,256)
Special populations support	4440				440.004			(4.040)			
and development	114,8	"	-		113,234	-		(1,643)		-	(1,643)
Alternative programs and services											
support and development	21,5		-		21,537	-		-		•	-
Technology support	106,7				27,864	-		(78,851)		-	(78,851)
Operational support	3,037,9		6,696		1,245,516			(1,785,767)		-	(1,785,767)
Financial and human resources	633,7		-		202,618	-		(431,149)		-	(431,149)
Accountability	145,5		-		4,280	-		(141,253)		-	(141,253)
System-wide pupil support	100,3	67	-		1,536	•		(98,831)		=	(98,831)
Policy, leadership, and											
public relations	346,5		-		140,167	•		(206,333)		-	(206,333)
Ancillary services	254,9		•		266,261	-		11,316		-	11,316
Non-programmed charges	(1,6				48,065	•		49,668		•	49,668
Unallocated depreciation expense	486,7		•			-		(486,721)		-	(486,721)
Total governmental activities	17,935,3	20	418,012		11,603,269			(5,914,039)			(5,914,039)
Business-type activities:											
School food service	997.4	43	261,251		675,781	-		-		(60,411)	(60,411)
Child care	186,1	63	182,864		-	-		•		(3,299)	(3,299)
Total business-type activities	1,183,6		444,115	_	675.781		_			(63,710)	(63,710)
Total primary government	\$ 19,118,9		\$ 862,127	\$	12,279,050	\$ -		(5,914,039)		(63,710)	(5,977,749)
		c	Seneral revenue								
					unty appropri	ations - operating		2,610,000		-	2,610,000
			Unrestricte	d co	unty appropri	ations - capital		100,000		-	100,000
			Unrestricte	d St	ate appropria	tions - operating		2,804,259		_	2,804,259
					nings, unrest			1,578		24	1,602
			Miscellane	ous.	unrestricted			146,608		•	146,608
		Т	ransfers					(52,126)		52,126	,
				ral re	evenues and	transfers		5,610,319		52,150	5,662,469
			Change in					(303,720)		(11,560)	(315,280)
		N	let position - be					13,091,466		350,228	13,441,694
			let position - er				\$	12,787,746	\$	338,668 \$	13,126,414
		•			7		_	12,101,140	<u>*</u> _	σου,σου ψ	10,120,717

Gates County Board of Education, North Carolina Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2014

		Major	Funds		Non-	major Funds	•	
					_	Other		
		.	04.4.		Go	vernmental	Total	Governmental
	<u></u>	General	State	Public School		Funds		Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,348,349	\$	-	\$	280,965	\$	1,629,314
Accounts receivable	•	-	•	-	•	963	•	963
Due from other funds		5,560		_		-		5,560
Due from other governments		•		285,551		33,594		319,145
Total assets	\$	1,353,909	\$	285,551	\$	315,522	\$	1,954,982
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF								
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	170,367	\$	-	\$	16,528	\$	186,895
Accrued salaries and wages payable		346		285,551	·	30,645	•	316,542
Due to other funds		-		-		8,909		8,909
Total liabilities		170,713		285,551		56,082		512,346
Deferred inflows of resources:		<u>-</u>				2,018		2,018
Fund balance:								
Restricted:								
Individual Schools		-		-		162,343		162,343
Stabilization by State Statute		5,560		-		8,999		14,559
School Capital Outlay		-		-		49,603		49,603
Assigned:								
Subsequent years expenditures		326,315		-		-		326,315
Committed:		-		-		7,729		7,729
Unassigned:		851,321	-			28,748		880,069
Total fund balance Total liabilities, deferred inflows of		1,183,196		-		257,422		1,440,618
resources, and fund balances	_\$	1,353,909	\$	285,551	\$	315,522		
		unts reported for	•		the stat	ement of net		
	posit	ion (Exhibit 1) are	differen	t because:				
		Capital assets use resources and are	_					12,373,607
		Some liabilities, in are not due in the						
		t the funds (Note		Jenioù anu (nefel	ore are	not reported		(1,026,479)
				mental activities			\$	12,787,746
			J J/.					

Gates County Board of Education, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Major	Func	ls	N	lon-major Funds		-
			6	tata Dublia	C -	Other	0-	Total
	Gener	al	3	tate Public School	Go	vernmental Funds	Go	vernmental Funds
REVENUES	Oction	u i		OCHOOL		i dilas		i uilus
State of North Carolina	\$	_	\$	12,746,446	\$	286,433	\$	13,032,879
Gates County		0,000	•	-	•	308,696	•	2,918,696
U. S. Government	·	<i>-</i>		-		956,159		956,159
Contributions and donations		-		-		66,305		66,305
Other	70	0,196		-		674,133		744,329
Total revenues	2,680	0,196		12,746,446		2,291,726		17,718,368
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Instructional services								
Regular instructional	28	3,348		6,949,225		213,813		7,191,386
Special populations		3,776		1,052,045		361,767		1,422,588
Alternative programs	9	9,262		292,112		563,632		865,006
School leadership		3,232		1,030,361		44,834		1,083,427
Co-curricular	10	5,217		-		-		105,217
School-based support	48	3,166		1,169,853		583,398		1,801,417
System-wide support services		-		-				
Support and development	1:	2,432		177,971		5,314		195,717
Special populations support								
and development		9		104,434		10,739		115,182
Alternative programs and services								
support and development		-		-		21,537		21,537
Technology support	88	3,180		29,239		1,040		118,459
Operational support	1,680),617		1,189,431		42,372		2,912,420
Financial and human resources	203	3,652		403,034		23,224		629,910
Accountability		10		140,662		4,861		145,533
System-wide pupil support	99	9,399		-		1,367		100,766
Policy, leadership, and public relations	167	7,717		165,637		13,012		346,366
Ancillary services	18	3,729		-		235,047		253,776
Non-programmed charges		-		(271)		33,310		33,039
Capital outlay:								
Real property and buildings		-		_		117,579		117,579
Vehicles						76,014		76,014
Total expenditures	2,478	3,746		12,703,733		2,352,860		17,535,339
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	-							
expenditures	20	1,450		42,713		(61,134)		183,029
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers to other funds		-		(42,713)		(9,413)		(52,126)
Installment purchase obligation issued				-		76,014		76,014
Total other financing sources (uses)				(42,713)		66,601		23,888
Net change in fund balance		1,450		•		5,467		206,917
Fund balances, beginning		1,746				251,955		1,233,701
Fund balances, ending	\$ 1,183	3,196	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	257,422	\$	1,440,618

Gates County Board of Education, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 206,917
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as a depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	(408,626)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transactions has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt	(76,014)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated absences	(25.007)
Compensated absences	 (25,997)
Total changes in net position of governmental activities	 (303,720)

Gates County Board of Education, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund and Annually Budgeted Major Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

				Gener	al Fu	und		
	_	Original Budget		Final Budget	_	Actual	Fin:	iance with al Budget- Positive legative)
REVENUES	Φ.	0.040.000	ው	0.040.000	•	0.040.000	•	
Gates County Other	\$	2,610,000	\$	2,610,000	\$	2,610,000	\$	-
Total revenues		51,000 2,661,000		70,196 2,680,196		70,196 2,680,196		
rotal revenues	_	2,001,000	_	2,000,190		2,000,190		
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Instructional services								
Regular instructional		24,199		29,752		28,348		1,404
Special populations		-		8,776		8,776		-
Alternative programs		17,577		9,262		9,262		-
School leadership		6,500		8,232		8,2 32		-
Co-curricular		98,873		105,495		105,217		278
School-based support		58,144		48,400		48,166		234
System-wide support services								
Support and development		21,250		12,432		12,432		-
Special populations support								
and development		-		9		9		-
Technology support		73,717		88,180		88,180		-
Operational support		1,744,527		1,688,828		1,680,617		8,211
Financial and human resources		354,782		352,427		203,652		148,775
Accountability		-		10		10		-
System-wide pupil support		88,608		99,399		99,399		-
Policy, leadership, and public relations		163,331		210,266		167,717		42,549
Ancillary services		9,492		18,728		18,729		(1)
Total expenditures		2,661,000		2,680,196		2,478,746		201,450
Net change in fund balance		-	<u>\$</u>	<u>-</u>		201,450	\$	201,450
Fund balances, beginning						981,746		
Fund balances, ending					\$	1,183,196		
• • • •					<u></u>			

Gates County Board of Education, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund and Annually Budgeted Major Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

		State Public	School Fund	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
REVENUES State of North Carolina	\$ 13,042,993	\$ 12,974,756	\$ 12,746,446	\$ (228,310)
State of North Carolina	φ 13,042,993	Ψ 12,914,130	<u>\$ 12,740,440</u>	\$ (220,310)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Instructional services				
Regular instructional	7,461,501	7,123,739	6,949,225	174,514
Special populations	957,695	1,058,028	1,052,045	5,983
Alternative programs	337,130	300,969	292,112	8,857
School leadership	1,041,349	1,042,476	1,030,361	12,115
School-based support	1,100,701	1,196,693	1,169,853	26,840
System-wide support services				
Support and development	200,258	177,971	177,971	-
Special populations support				
and development	100,158	104,434	104,434	-
Technology support	-	29,239	29,239	-
Operational support	1,124,684	1,189,431	1,189,431	-
Financial and human resources	299,929	403,034	403,034	-
Accountability	227,770	140,662	140,662	-
Policy, leadership, and public relations	147,000	165,637	165,637	-
Ancillary services	44,818	42,713	-	42,713
Non-programmed charges	<u> </u>	(270)	(271)	1
Total expenditures	13,042,993	12,974,756	12,703,733	271,023
Revenues over (under) expenditures			42,713	42,713
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers to other funds		•	(42,713)	(42,713)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	<u> </u>	-	<u>\$</u>
Fund balances, beginning Fund balances, ending			<u>-</u>	

Gates County Board of Education, North Carolina Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2014

	Enterprise Funds								
	ScI	nool Food							
	Service			ild Care		Total			
ASSETS									
Current assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	249,321	\$	-	\$	249,321			
Due from other governments		26,410		2,217		28,627			
Accounts receivable		4,288		19,065		23,353			
Inventories		28,394		-		28,394			
Due from other funds		-		3,349		3,349			
Total current assets		308,413		24,631		333,044			
Noncurrent assets:									
Capital assets:									
Food service equipment, net		38,735		-		38,735			
Total assets	\$	347,148	\$	24,631	\$	371,779			
LIABILITIES									
Current liabilities:									
Compensated absences	\$	32,611	\$	-	\$	32,611			
Parent deposits		-		500		500			
Total current liabilities		32,611		500		33,111			
NET POSITION									
Net investment in capital assets		38,735		-		38,735			
Unrestricted		275,802		24,131		299,933			
Total net position	\$	314,537	\$	24,131	\$	338,668			

Gates County Board of Education, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Enterprise Funds						
		Major Funds					
	Sc	hool Food					
		Service	Cł	nild Care		Total	
OEPRATING REVENUES							
Food sales	\$	261,251	\$	_	\$	261,251	
Child care fees	•	-	•	182,864	•	182,864	
Total operating revenues		261,251		182,864		444,115	
Total operating to tended				,		,	
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Food cost:							
Purchase of food		311,661		19,575		331,236	
Donated commodities		55,487		-		55,487	
Salaries and benefits		488,566		159,702		648,268	
Indirect costs		81,598		-		81,598	
Materials and supplies		34,890		6,087		40,977	
Depreciation		10,168		-		10,168	
Contracted services		13,175		72		13,247	
Travel		475		502		977	
Other		1,423		225		1,648	
Total operating expenses		997,443		186,163		1,183,606	
Operating (loss)		(736,192)		(3,299)		(739,491)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES							
Federal reimbursements		538,696		-		538,696	
Federal commodities		55,487		-		55,487	
Interest earned		24		-		24	
Indirect cost not paid		81,598		-		81,598	
Total nonoperating revenues		675,805		-		675,805	
(Loss) before transfers		(60,387)		(3,299)		(63,686)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
Transfer from other funds		42,713		9,413		52,126	
Change in net position		(17,674)		6,114		(11,560)	
- G		(,)		-,		(,555)	
Total net position - beginning		332,211		18,017		350,228	
Total net position - ending	\$	314,537	\$	24,131	\$	338,668	

Gates County Board of Education, North Carolina Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

			Ente	rprise Funds		
		Major				
	School Food					
		Service	<u>C</u>	hild Care		_Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Cash received from customers	\$	259,978	\$	179,782	\$	439,760
Cash paid for goods and services	•	(356,346)	•	(26,460)	•	(382,806)
Cash paid to employees for services		(449,582)		(159,702)		(609,284)
Net cash (used) from operating activities		(545,950)		(6,380)		(552,330)
Not out (used) nom operating doublass		(0.10,000)		(0,000)		(002,000)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Decrease (increase) in due from other funds		-		6,380		6,380
Federal reimbursements		527,430		-		527,430
Net cash provided from noncapital financing activities		527,430		6,380		533,810
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Interest on investments		24				24
Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(18,496)		-		(18,496)
Balances - beginning of year		267,817				267,817
Balances - end of year	\$	249,321	\$	•	\$	249,321
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:						
Operating (loss)	_\$_	(736,192)	\$	(3,299)	\$	(739,491)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash		-				
provided (used) by operating activities:						
Depreciation		10,168		-		10,168
Donated commodities consumed		55,487		-		55,487
Salaries paid by special revenue fund		42,713		-		42,713
Indirect cost not paid		81,598		-		81,598
Changes in assets and liabilities:						
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(1,273)		(3,081)		(4,354)
(Increase) decrease in inventory		5,278		-		5,278
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		(3,729)		-		(3,729)
Total adjustments		190,242		(3,081)		187,161
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(545,950)	\$	(6,380)	\$	(552,330)

Gates County Board of Education, North Carolina Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

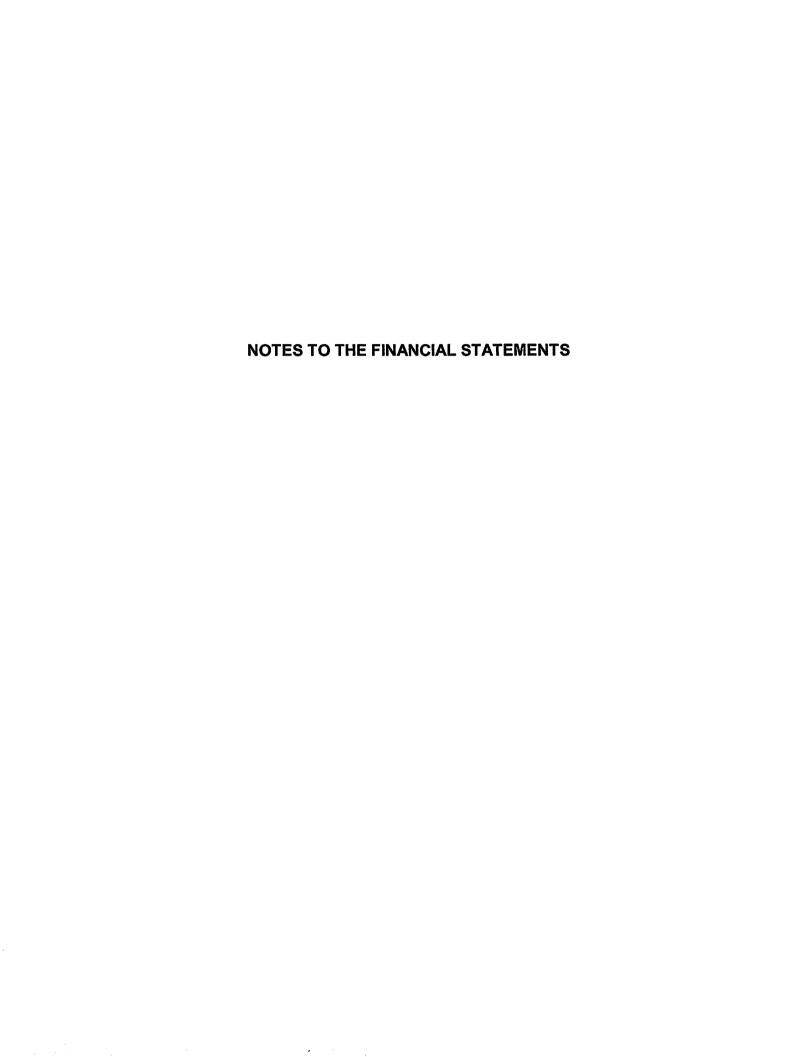
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:

The State Public School Fund paid salaries and benefits of \$42,713 to administrative personnel of the School Food Service Fund during the year. The payment is reflected as an operating transfer in and an operating expense on Exhibit 8.

The Other Specific Revenue Fund paid expenditures of \$9,413 to the Child Care Fund during the year. The payment is reflected as an operating transfer in and an operating expense on Exhibit 8.

Indirect costs of \$81,598 that would be due to the General Fund was not paid. These unpaid costs are reflected as a nonoperating revenue and an operating expense on Exhibit 8.

The School Food Service Fund received donated commodities with a value of \$55,487 during the fiscal year. The receipt of the commodities is recognized as a nonoperating revenue. The Fund recorded the consumption of \$55,487 worth of donated commodities during the fiscal year as an operating expense. These transactions are reported on Exhibit 8.



I. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The accounting policies of the Gates County Board of Education conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies.

A. Reporting Entity

The Gates County Board of Education (Board) is a Local Education Agency empowered by State law [Chapter 115C of the North Carolina General Statutes] with the responsibility to oversee and control all activities related to public school education in Gates County, North Carolina. The Board receives State, local, and federal government funding and must adhere to the legal requirements of each funding entity.

B. <u>Basis of Presentation – Fund Accounting</u>

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities present information about the Board. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the effect of internal activities upon revenues and expenses. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the Board. Governmental activities generally are financed through intergovernmental revenues and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Board and for each function of the Board's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Board's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The Board reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Board. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. This fund is the "Local Current Expense Fund," which is mandated by State law [G.S. 115C-426].

State Public School Fund. The State Public School Fund includes appropriations from the Department of Public Instruction for the current operating expenditures of the public school system.

The Board reports the following major enterprise funds:

School Food Service Fund. The School Food Service Fund is used to account for the food service program within the school system and is reported as an enterprise fund.

Child Care Fund. The Child Care Fund is used to account for the child care program within the school system and is reported as an enterprise fund.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Board gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include grants and donations. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The Board considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 60 days after year-end. These could include federal, State, and county grants, and some charges for services. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for claims and judgments and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the Board funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Board's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

D. <u>Budgetary Data</u>

The Board's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. Annual budgets are adopted for all funds, except for the Individual Schools Special Revenue Funds, as required by North Carolina General Statutes. Per State law, no budget is required for Individual School Funds. All appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds. The superintendent is authorized by the governing Board to transfer appropriations within a fund. The superintendent may transfer amounts and objects of expenditures within a function without limitations and without a report being required. All amendments must be approved by the governing Board. During the year, several immaterial amendments to the original budget were necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing Board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Equity</u>

1. Deposit and Investments

All deposits of the Board are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 115C-444]. The Board may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Board may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit. The Board also has money credited in its name with the State Treasurer and may issue State warrants against these funds.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Board pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

3. <u>Inventories</u>

The inventories of the Board are valued at cost and the Board uses the first-in, first-out (FIFO) flow assumption in determining cost. The Board had no inventories in the General Fund. Proprietary Fund inventories consist of food and supplies and are recorded as expenses when consumed.

4. Capital Assets

The Board's capital assets are recorded at original cost. Donated assets are listed at their estimated fair value at the date of donation or forfeiture. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Certain items acquired before July 1, 2000 are recorded at an estimated original historical cost. The total of these estimates is not considered large enough that any errors would be material when capital assets are considered as a whole.

It is the policy of the Board to capitalize all capital assets costing more than \$5,000 with an estimated useful life of two or more years. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Gates County holds title to certain properties, which are reflected as capital assets in the financial statements of the Board. The properties have been deeded to the County to permit installment purchase financing of acquisition and construction costs and to permit the County to receive refunds of sales tax paid for construction costs. Agreements between the County and the Board gives the schools full use of the facilities, full responsibility for maintenance of the facilities, and provides that the County will convey title of the property back to the Board, once all restrictions of the financing agreements and all sales tax reimbursement requirements have been met.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Building and improvements	15-50
Equipment, furniture, vehicles, and library books	3-15

Depreciation for capital assets that serve multiple purposes cannot be allocated ratably and is therefore reported as "unallocated depreciation" on the Statement of Activities.

5. <u>Deferred inflows of resources</u>

In addition to liabilities the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred inflows of resources* represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Board has one main items that meet this criterion – grants receivable in the general fund.

6. <u>Long-Term Obligations</u>

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities.

7. Compensated Absences

The Board follows the State's policy for vacation and sick leave. Employees may accumulate up to thirty (30) days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. The Board's liability for accumulated earned vacation and the salary-related payments as of June 30, 2014 is recorded in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements on a FIFO basis. An estimate of the current portion of compensated absences is based on the current amount used.

The sick leave policy of the Board provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the board has no obligation for accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

8. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represent constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through state statute.

Fund Balance

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Restricted fund balance – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute – portion of fund balance that is restricted by State Statute [G.S. 115C-425(a)].

Restricted for School Capital Outlay – portion of fund balance that can only be used for School Capital Outlay. [G.S. 159-18 through 22]

Restricted for Individual Schools – revenue sources restricted for expenditures for the various clubs and organizations, athletic events, and various fund raising activities for which they are collected.

Committed fund balance – portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purpose imposed by majority vote by quorum of the Board of Education's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority) and in certain instances approval by the County's governing body is required. Any changes or removal of specific purposes requires majority action by the governing bodies that approved the original action.

Assigned fund balance – portion of fund balance that Gates County Board of Education intends to use for specific purposes.

Subsequent year's expenditures – portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation.

Unassigned fund balance – the portion if fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

9. Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

1. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position.

The governmental fund balance sheet includes reconciliation between fund balance - total governmental funds and net position – governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The net adjustment of \$11,347,128 consists of several elements as follows:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are therefore not reported in the funds (total capital assets on government-wide	
statement in governmental activities column)	\$ 24,218,493
Less - Accumulated Depreciation	 (11,844,886)
	12,373,607
I inhilition that has one there are not the analysis the consent and a set	

Liabilities that, because they are not due and payable in the current period, do not require current resources to pay and are therefore not recorded in the fund statements:

Installment Purchase Obligations	(76,014)
Compensated Absences	(950,465)
Total adjustment	\$ 11,347,128

2. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance and the government-wide statement of activities.

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes reconciliation between net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. There are several elements of that total adjustment of (\$510,637) as follows:

Capital outlay expenditures recorded in the fund statements but capitalized as assets in the statement of activities	\$ 150,808
Depreciation expense, the allocation of those assets over their useful lives, that is recorded on the statement of activities but not in the fund statements.	(559,434)
New debt issued during the years is recorded as a source of funds on the fund statements; but only affect the statement of net assets in the government-wide statements	(76,014)
Expenses reported in the statement of activities that do not require the use of current resources to pay are not recorded as expenditures in the fund statements.	, , ,
Compensated absences are accrued in the government-wide statements but not in the fund statements because they do not use current resources	 (25,997)
	\$ (510,637)

II. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. <u>Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations</u>

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the Board reported expenditures that violated State law [G.S. 115C-441] because they exceeded the amounts appropriated in the budget ordinance as follows:

nount
12,713
16,520

Corrective Action Plan: Funds will be monitored throughout the year to ensure that state funds paid for Child Nutrition expenditures will be properly budgeted and transferred to the appropriate funds in a timely manner.

B. <u>Noncompliance with North Carolina General Statutes</u>

North Carolina General Statute 115C-445 states all moneys collected in excess of \$250, shall be deposited daily. Moneys collected at Gates County High School were not deposited timely. Of the two months of deposits tested, 48% deposits were late.

Corrective Action Plan: Communication has been established with responsible parties at the school level about the importance of timely deposits as set forth in the General Statutes. These will be monitored. Also, a back-up person has been designated to ensure that monies are deposited daily, in the event that the bookkeeper is not present.

III. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds</u>

A. Assets

1. Deposits

All of the Board's deposits are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits exceeding the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Board's agents in the unit's name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity of the Board, these deposits are considered to be held by the agent in the entity's name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Board or with the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the Board under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Board has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2014 the Board had deposits with banks with a carrying amount of \$1,878,610 and with the State Treasurer of \$0. The bank balances with the financial institutions and the State Treasurer was \$2,034,368 and \$260,585, respectively. Of these balances, \$261,873 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$1,772,495 was covered by collateral held by authorized escrow agents in the name of the State Treasurer.

At June 30, 2014, the Board had petty cash of \$25.

2. Accounts Receivable

Receivables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2014, were as follows:

	oth (ue from er funds internal alances)	Oue from other vernments	Other	Total
Governmental activities:					
General Fund	\$	5,560	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,560
Other governmental		(8,909)	 319,145	963	311,199
Total governmental activities:	\$	(3,349)	\$ 319,145	\$ 963	\$ 316,759
Business-type activities School Food Service Child Care	\$	- 3,349	\$ 26,410 2,217	4,288 19,065	\$ 30,698 24,631
	\$	3,349	\$ 28,627	\$ 23,353	\$ 55,329

Internal balances consist of cost due to the General Fund and Other Specific Revenue Fund from the Child Care Fund.

Due from other governments consists of the following:

Government	al ac	tivities:
04-4- 0		A . L I

State Public School Fund \$ 285,551 Operating revenues from DPI Federal Grants Fund 25,558 Federal grants funds
Other Specific Revenue Fund 8,036 MAC reimbursement
Total governmental activities \$ 319,145

Business-type activities:

School Food Service Fund \$ 26,410 USDA reimbursement
Child Care Fund 2,217 DSS fees

Total governmental activities \$ 28,627

3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2014, was as follows:

	В	eginning						Ending
	Balances		In	Increases		ases Decreases		Balances
Governmental activities:								_
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	53,670	\$	-	\$	-	\$	53,670
Construction in progress			_	51,570				51,570
Total capital assets not being depreciated		53,670		51,570				105,240
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings	2	21,647,001		-		-		21,647,001
Equipment and furniture		828,262		23,224		-		851,486
Vehicles		1,538,752		76,014				1,614,766
Total capital assets being depreciated		24,014,015	_	99,238				24,113,253
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		9,725,146		394,299		-		10,119,445
Equipment and furniture		603,309		82,637		-		685,946
Vehicles		956,997		82,498				1,039,495
Total accumulated depreciation	1	11,285,452		559,434				11,844,886
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	1	12,728,563					_	12,268,367
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$ 1	12,782,233					<u>\$</u>	12,373,607

Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Unallocated depreciation	\$ 486,721
Operational support services	 72,713
Total	\$ 559,434

		eginning Balances	ses	Dec	reases	Ending Balances		
Business-type activities:					-			
School Food Service Fund:								
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Food service equipment	<u>\$</u>	280,820	\$	-	\$		\$	280,820
Total capital assets being depreciated		280,820						280,820
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Food service equipment		231,917	10	,168				242,085
Total accumulated depreciation		231,917	10	,168				242,085
Business-type activities capital assets, net	<u>\$</u>	48,903					\$	38,735

B. <u>Liabilities</u>

1. Pensions Plan Obligations

a. <u>Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System</u>

Plan Description. Gates County Board of Education contributes to the statewide Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (TSERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. TSERS provides retirement benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Article 1 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for TSERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of State Controller, 3512 Bush Street, Raleigh, North Carolina 27609, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Plan members are required to contribute six percent of their annual covered salary and the Board is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 14.69% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and Gates County Board of Education are established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. The Board's contributions to TSERS for the years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012, and were \$1,528,217, \$1,546,376, and \$1,407,416, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

b. Other Post-Employment Benefits

1. Healthcare Benefits

Plan Description. The post retirement benefits are provided through a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Executive Administrator and the Board of Trustees of the Comprehensive Major Medical Plan (the Plan). The Executive Director and the Board of Trustees of the Plan establishes premium rates except as may be established by the General Assembly in an appropriation act. The Plan's benefit and contribution provisions are established by Chapter 135-7, Article 1, and Chapter 135, Article 3 of the General Statutes and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. By General Statute, the Plan accumulates contributions from employers and any earnings on those contributions in the Retiree Health Benefit Fund. These assets shall be used to provide health benefits to retired and disabled employees and their applicable beneficiaries. These contributions are irrevocable. Also by law, these assets are not subject to the claims of creditors of the employees making contributions to the Plan.

The State of North Carolina issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the State's Comprehensive Major Medical Plan (also, referred to as the State Health Plan). An electronic version of this report is available by accessing the North Carolina Office of the State Controller's Internet home page http://www.ncosc.net/ and clicking on "Financial Reports", or by calling the State Controller's Financial Reporting Section at (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy: The Comprehensive Major Medical Plan is administered by the Executive Administrator and the Board of Trustees of the Plan, which establish premium rates except as may be established by the General Assembly in an appropriation act. The healthcare benefits for retired and disabled employees are the same as for active employees, except that the coverage becomes secondary when former employees become eligible for Medicare. For employees first hired on and after October 1, 2006, future coverage as retired employees is subject to the requirement that the future retiree have 20 or more years of retirement service credit in order to receive coverage on a noncontributory basis. Employees first hired on and after October 1, 2006 with 10 but less than 20 years of retirement service credit are eligible for coverage on a partially contributory basis. For such future retirees, the State will pay 50% of the State Health Plan's total noncontributory premium. For employees hired before October 1, 2006, healthcare benefits are provided to retirees (at no charge to the retirees) who have at least five years of contributing retirement membership prior to disability or retirement. In addition, persons who became surviving spouses of retirees prior to October 1, 1986, receive the same coverage as retirees at the State's expense.

Contributions are determined as a percentage of covered monthly payroll. Annually, the monthly contribution rates to the Plan, which are intended to finance benefits and administrative expenses on a pay-as-you-go basis, are determined by the General Assembly in the Appropriations Bill. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012, the School Board paid all annual required contribution to the Plan for postemployment healthcare benefits of \$561,770, \$576,080, and \$536,363, respectively. These contributions represented 5.40%, 5.30%, and 5.00%, of covered payroll, respectively.

2. <u>Long-term Disability Benefits</u>

Plan Description. Short-term and long-term disability benefits are provided through the Disability Income Plan of North Carolina (DIPNC), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan. The DIPNC is administered by the board of Trustees of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System. Long-term disability benefits are payable as another postemployment benefit for DIPNC after the conclusion of the short term disability period or after salary continuation payments cease, whichever is later, for as long as an employee is disabled. Benefit and contribution provisions are established by Chapter 135, Article 6, of the General Statues and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. The Plan accumulates contributions from employees and any earnings on those contributions in the Disability Income Plan Trust Fund. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases.

The State of North Carolina issues a publicly available report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the DIPNC. An electronic version of this report is available by accessing the North Carolina Office of the State Controller's Internet home page http://www.ncosc.net/ and clicking on "Financial Reports", or by calling the State Controller's Financial Reporting Section at (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. An employee is eligible to receive long-term disability benefits provide the following requirements are met: (1) the employee has five or more years of contribution membership service in the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System of North Carolina, earned within 96 months prior to the end of the short-term disability period or cessation of salary continuation payments, whichever is later; (2) the employee must make application to receive long-term benefits within 180 days after the conclusion of the short-term disability period or after salary continuation payments cease or after monthly payments for Workers' Compensation cease (excluding monthly payments of or permanent partial benefits),

whichever is later; (3) the employee must be certified by the Medical Board to be mentally or physically disabled for the further performance of his/her usual occupation; (4) the disability must have been continuous, likely to be permanent, and incurred at the time of active employment; (5) the employee must not be eligible to receive an unreduced retirement benefit from the Retirement System; and (6) the employee must terminate employment as a permanent, full-time employee. An employee is eligible to receive an unreduced retirement benefit from the Retirement System after (1) reaching the age of 65 and completing five years of creditable service, or (2) reaching the age of 60 and completing 25 years of creditable service, or (3) completing 30 years of creditable service at any age.

The monthly long-term disability benefit is equal to 65% of one-twelfth of an employee's annual base rate of compensation last payable to the participant or beneficiary prior to the beginning of the short-term disability period, plus the like percentage of one twelfth of the annual longevity payment to which the participant or beneficiary would be eligible. The monthly benefits are subject to a maximum of \$3,900 per month reduced by any primary Social Security disability benefits and by monthly payments for Workers' Compensation to which the participant or beneficiary may be entitled. The monthly benefit shall be further reduced by the amount of any monthly payments from the Department of Veterans Affairs, and other federal agency or any payments made under the provisions of G.S. 127A-108, to which the participant or beneficiary may be entitled on account of the same disability. Provided in any event, the benefits payable shall be no less than \$10 a month. When an employee qualifies for an unreduced service retirement allowance from the Retirement System, the benefits payable from DIPNC will cease, and the employee will commence retirement under the TSERS. For members who obtain five years of membership service on or after August 1, 2007, the monthly long-term disability benefit is reduced by the primary Social Security retirement benefit to which you might be entitled should you become age 62 during the first 36 months. After 36 months of long-term disability, there will be no further payments from the DIPNC unless the member is approved for and in receipt of primary Social Security disability benefits. It is payable so long as the member remains disabled and is in receipt of a primary Social Security disability benefit until eligible for an unreduced service retirement benefit. When an employee qualifies for an unreduced service retirement allowance from the Retirement System, the benefits payable from DIPNC will cease, and the employee will commence retirement under the TSERS.

The Board's contributions are established in the Appropriations Bill by the General Assembly. Benefit and contribution provisions are established by Chapter 135 Article 6, of the General Statues and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. The contributions cannot be separated between the amounts that relate to other postemployment benefits and employment benefits for active employees. Those individuals who are receiving extended short-term disability benefit payments cannot be separate from the number of members currently eligible to receive disability benefits as another postemployment benefit. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012, the Board paid all annual required contributions to the DIPNC for disability benefits of \$45,774, \$47,809, and \$55,782, respectively. These contributions represented 0.44%, 0.44%, and 0.52% of covered payroll, respectively.

3. Accounts Payable

Accounts payable as of June 30, 2014, are as follows:

	Sa	laries and					
	Benefits			<u>Other</u>	<u>Total</u>		
Governmental activities:				,			
General Fund	\$	346	\$	170,367	\$	170,713	
Other governmental		316,196		16,528		332,724	
Total governmental activities:	\$	316,542	\$	186,895	\$	503,437	

4. <u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>

The balance in deferred inflows of resources at year-end is composed of the following elements:

Unearned Revenue

Grants not yet earned (Other Specific Revenue Fund)

\$\frac{1}{2,018}\$

5. Risk Management

The Board is exposed to various risks of losses to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The Board participates in the North Carolina School Boards Trust (the Trust), a member funded risk management program administered by the North Carolina School Boards Association. Through the Trust, the Board maintains general liability and errors and omissions coverage of \$1 million per claim. The Trust has annual aggregate limit for general liability of \$2,550,000 and an annual aggregate limit of \$2,550,000 for errors and omission claims. The Trust is reinsured through commercial companies for losses in excess of \$150,000 per claim for errors and omissions and general liability. Statutory workers' compensation coverage is purchased through private insurers or self-insured by the local board. Coverage is provided to the extent employees are paid from Federal or local funds. Workers' Compensation coverage is provided by the State of North Carolina through a self-insured fund, to the extent employees are paid from State funds. The Board also participates in the Public School Insurance Fund (the Fund), a voluntary, self-insured risk control and risk financing administered by the North Carolina Department of Public Instruction. This insures the tangible property assets of the Board. Coverage is provided on an "all risk" perils contract. Buildings and contents are insured on a replacement cost basis. The Fund purchases excess reinsurance to protect the assets of the Fund in the event of a catastrophic event. The Fund maintains a self-insured retention of \$10 million. Excess reinsurance is purchased through commercial insures. A limit of \$5 million per occurrence is provided on Flood, Earthquake, Business Interruption and Extra Expense. \$10 million per occurrence is provided on Increased Cost of Construction.

The Board also participates in the Teachers' and State Employees' Comprehensive Major Medical Plan, a self-funded risk financing pool of the State administered by Blue Cross and Blue Shield of North Carolina. Through the Plan, permanent full-time employees of the Board are eligible to receive health care benefits up to a \$5 million lifetime limit. The Board pays the full cost of coverage for employees enrolled in the Comprehensive Major Medical Plan.

In accordance with G.S. 115C-442, the Board's employees who have custody of the Board's monies at any given time of the Board's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The finance officer is bonded for \$50,000.

The Board carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

6. <u>Long-Term Liabilities</u>

a. Installment Purchase

The Board is authorized to finance the purchase of school buses under G.S. 115C-528(a). Session law 2003-284, section 7.25 authorized the State Board of Education to allot monies for the payments on financing contracts entered into pursuant to G.S. 115C-528. The state has accepted a bid to purchase

replacement school buses through a special third party financing arrangement by Banc of America Public Capital Corporation (BAPCC) at total payments less than the purchase price. In February 2014, the Board entered into an installment purchase contract to finance the purchase of one school bus. The financing contract requires only principal payments of \$19,903.

The future minimum payments of the installment purchase as of June 30, 2014, including \$718 implied interest:

	Governmental Activities								
Year Ending June 30	Р	rincipal	In	terest					
2015	\$	38,007	\$	359					
2016		19,004		180					
2017		19,003		179					
2018		-		-					
2019		-		-					
Thereafter		-		-					
Total	\$	76,014	\$	718					

b. Long-Term Obligation Activity

The following is a summary of changes in the Board's long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014:

	-	Balance June 30, 2013 Increases				Decreases	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2014	Current Portion		
Governmental activities: Installment purchases Compensated absences	\$	924,468	\$	76,014 1,222,849	\$	- 1,196,852	\$	76,014 950,465	\$	38,007 950,465	
Total	\$	924,468	\$	1,298,863	\$	1,196,852	\$	1,026,479	\$	988,472	
Business-type activities: Compensated absences	<u>\$</u>	36,340	<u>\$</u>	41,035	<u>\$</u>	44,764	<u>\$</u>	32,611	\$	32,611	

Compensated absences for governmental activities are typically liquidated by the general or other governmental funds.

c. <u>Interfund Balances and Activities</u>

Transfers to/from other funds at June 30, 2014, consist of the following:

	 mount
From the Other Specific Revenue Fund to the Child Care Fund	\$ 9,413
From the State Public School Fund to the School Food Service Fund	42,713
	\$ 52,126

d. Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General fund and Other Specific Revenue fund balance that is available for appropriation.

Total fund balance - General Fund	\$1,183,196
Less:	
Stabilization for State Statute	5,560
Subsequent years expenditures	326,315
Remaining Fund Balance	\$ 851,321

Total fund balance - Other Specifice Revenue Fund	\$ 45,476
Less:	
Stabilization for State Statute	8,999
Committed for Community Center	4,580
Committed for Grants	3,149
Remaining Fund Balance	\$ 28,748

IV. <u>Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies</u>

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The Board has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant moneys.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

Gates County Board of Education, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

		2014			
	Dudmat	Actual	Variance Positive		
Revenues	<u>Budget</u>	Actual	(Negative)		
Gates County:					
Appropriation from county	\$ 2,610,000	\$ 2,610,000	<u> </u>		
Other:					
Fines and forfeitures	70,196	70,196			
Total revenues	2,680,196	2,680,196			
Expenditures:					
Instructional services					
Regular instructional	29,752	28,348	1,404		
Special populations	8,776	8,776	-		
Alternative programs	9,262	9,262	-		
School leadership	8,232	8,232	-		
Co-curricular	105,495	105,217	278		
School-based support	48,400	48,166	234		
Total	209,917	208,001	1,916		
System-wide support services					
Support and development	12,432	12,432	-		
Special populations support	,	,			
and development	9	9	_		
Technology support	88,180	88,180	-		
Operational support	1,688,828	1,680,617	8,211		
Financial and human resources	352,427	203,652	148,775		
Accountability	10	10	•		
System-wide pupil support	99,399	99,399	-		
Policy, leadership, and public relations	210,266	167,717	42,549		
Total	2,451,551	2,252,016	199,535		
Ancillary services	18,728	18,729	(1)		
Total expenditures	2,680,196	2,478,746	201,450		
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	201,450	\$ 201,450		
Fund balance, beginning		981,746			
Fund balance, ending		\$ 1,183,196			

Gates County Board of Education, North Carolina Combining Balance Sheet Non-major Governmental Funds June 30, 2014

		Special Revenue Funds									T-4-	l Non maion
	Fede			er Specific Revenue		ndividual Schools	Total Special Revenue Funds		Capital Outlay			I Non-major vernmental Funds
ASSETS												
Current assets:												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	•	\$	52,491	\$	162,343	\$	214,834	\$	66,131	\$	280,965
Accounts receivable		-		963		-		963		· -	·	963
Due from other governments		25,558		8,036		-		33,594		-		33,594
Total current assets	\$	25,558	\$	61,490	\$	162,343	\$	249,391	\$	66,131	\$	315,522
LIABILITIES												
Current liabilities:												
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	16,528	\$	16,528
Accrued salaries and wages payable		25,558		5,087		-		30,645		-		30,645
Due to other funds		-		8,909		-		8,909		-		8,909
Total liabilities		25,558		13,996		-		39,554		16,528		56,082
Deferred inflows of resources				2,018				2,018		-		2,018
Fund balances:												
Restricted:												
Stabilization by State Statute		-		8,999		-		8,999		-		8,999
School Capital Outlay		-		-		,=		-		49,603		49,603
Individual Schools		-		-		162,343		162,343		-		162,343
Committed by Board		-		7,729		-		7,729		-		7,729
Unassigned		<u> </u>		28,748		<u> </u>		28,748				28,748
Total fund balance		-		45,476		162,343		207,819		49,603		257,422
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance	\$	25,558	\$	61,490	\$	162,343	\$	249,391	\$	66,131	\$	315,522
resources, and fully balance	<u> </u>	∠5,558	•	61,490	<u> </u>	162,343	· <u> </u>	249,391	<u> </u>	66,131	\$	315,52

Gates County Board of Education, North Carolina Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Non-major Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Special Revenue Funds											
		Federal Grants		Other Specific Revenue		Individual Schools		Total Special Revenue Funds		Capital Outlay		Total on-major vernmental Funds
Revenues												
Gates County:	_		_		_							
County appropriation	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	100,000	\$	100,000
Community Center appropriation				208,696				208,696				208,696
Total Gates County		-		208,696				208,696		100,000		308,696
U. S. Government		925,586		30,573				956,159				956,159
State of North Carolina:												
Other	•	-		286,433		-		286,433				286,433
Contributions and donations						66,305		66,305		-		66,305
Other:												
Interest income		_		1,477		-		1,477		101		1,578
Sales and use tax refund		-		15,026		-		15,026		969		15,995
Indirect cost allocation		-		34,642		_		34,642		•		34,642
Miscellaneous revenue		-		104,711		-		104,711		-		104,711
Activity bus		-		100,693		-		100,693		-		100,693
Rental of school property		-		5,198		-		5,198		-		5,198
Tuition and fees		-		19,500		-		19,500		-		19,500
Clubs and organizations		-		-		124,281		124,281		-		124,281
Fundraisers		-		-		131,741		131,741		-		131,741
Athletics		-		-		135,794		135,794		-		135,794
Total other		-		281,247		391,816		673,063		1,070		674,133
Total revenues		925,586		806,949		458,121		2,190,656		101,070		2,291,726

Gates County Board of Education, North Carolina Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Non-major Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Spec	ial Revenue Fu	nds		-	
	Federal Grants	Other Specific Revenue	Individual Schools	Total Special Revenue Funds	Capital Outlay	Total Non-major Governmental Funds
Expenditures:	<u> </u>					
Instructional services						
Regular instructional	109,292	104,521	-	213,813	-	213,813
Special populations	330,409	31,358	-	361,767	-	361,767
Alternative programs	400,110	163,522	-	563,632	-	563,632
School leadership	-	44,834	-	44,834	-	44,834
School-based support	6,713	131,143	445,542	583,398		583,398
Total	846,524	475,378	445,542	1,767,444		1,767,444
System-wide support services						
Support and development	139	5,175	-	5,314	-	5,314
Special populations support		·		•		·
and development	8,800	1,939	-	10,739	-	10,739
Alternative programs and services				•		·
support and development	21,537	-	-	21,537	-	21,537
Technology support	-	1,040	-	1,040	-	1,040
Operational support	10,301	32,071	-	42,372	-	42,372
Financial and human resources	4,975	18,249	-	23,224	-	23,224
Accountability	-	4,861	-	4,861	-	4,861
System-wide pupil support	-	1,367	•	1,367		1,367
Policy, leadership, and public relations	-	13,012	-	13,012	-	13,012
Total	45,752	77,714		123,466		123,466
Ancillary services		235,047	<u> </u>	235,047		235,047
Non-programmed charges	33,310		-	33,310		33,310

Gates County Board of Education, North Carolina Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Non-major Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Spec	cial Revenue Fu	nds			
	Federal Grants	Other Specific Revenue	Individual Schools	Total Special Revenue Funds	Capital Outlay	Total Non-major Governmental Funds
Capital outlay:					- Jupium Jumuy	
Real property and buildings	-	-	-	-	117,579	117,579
Buses and motor vehicles	-	-	-	•	76,014	76,014
Total	•	-	-		193,593	193,593
Total expenditures	925,586	788,139	445,542	2,159,267	193,593	2,352,860
Excess of revenues over expenditures		18,810	12,579	31,389	(92,523)	(61,134)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Installment purchase obligation issued	-	-	-	-	76,014	76,014
Transfers to other funds		(9,413)	_	(9,413)	-	(9,413)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(9,413)		(9,413)	76,014	66,601
Net change in fund balance	-	9,397	12,579	21,976	(16,509)	5,467
Fund balance, beginning	-	36,079	149,764	185,843	66,112	251,955
Fund balance, ending	\$ -	\$ 45,476	\$ 162,343	\$ 207,819	\$ 49,603	\$ 257,422

Gates County Board of Education, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Federal Grants Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

		2014				
Revenues	Budget	Variance Positive (Negative)				
U. S. Government	\$ 1,204,470	\$ 925,586	\$ (278,884)			
o. o. Government	Ψ 1,204,470	Ψ 920,000	\$ (278,884)			
Expenditures: Instructional services						
Regular instructional	113,431	109,292	4,139			
Special populations	451,863	330,409	121,454			
Alternative programs	439,699	400,110	39,588			
School-based support	7,619	6,713	906			
Total	1,012,612	846,524	166,087			
System-wide support services						
Support and development	2,267	139	2,128			
Special populations support	•		, -			
and development	10,312	8,800	1,512			
Alternative programs and services	·		·			
support and development	22,605	21,537	1,068			
Operational support	10,301	10,301	1			
Financial and human resources	5,412	4,975	437			
Total	50,897	45,752	5,146			
Non-programmed charges	140,961	33,310	107,651			
Total expenditures	1,204,470	925,586	278,884			
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	-	\$ -			
Fund balance, beginning		-				
Fund balance, ending		\$ -				

Gates County Board of Education, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Other Specific Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	2014					
_	Budget Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)			
Revenues U. S. Government	œ	E0 E00	æ	20 572	•	(00.005)
U. S. Government		53,538		30,573	\$	(22,965)
State of North Carolina		286,433	286,433			
Gates County:						
Community Center appropriation		208,696		208,696		
Other:						
Indirect cost allocation		34,694		34,642		(52)
Interest earned on investments		1,403		1,477		74
Miscellaneous revenue		111,201		104,711		(6,490)
Rental of school property		5,198		5,198		-
Activity bus		98,316		100,693		2,377
Sales tax		15,026		15,026		-
Tuition and fees		18,596		19,500		904
Total other		284,434		281,247		(3,187)
Total revenues		833,101		806,949		(26,152)
Expenditures:						
Instructional services						
Regular instructional		106,177		104,521		1,657
Special populations		63,851		31,358		32,493
Alternative programs		163,522		163,522		-
School leadership		44,834		44,834		-
School-based support		137,314		131,143		6,171
Total		515,698		475,378	-	40,320

Gates County Board of Education, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Other Specific Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

		2014	Variance Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
System-wide support services			
Support and development	5,175	5,175	-
Special populations support			
and development	1,939	1,939	-
Technology support	1,040	1,040	-
Operational support	32,071	32,071	-
Financial and human resources	18,249	18,249	-
Accountability	4,861	4,861	-
System-wide pupil support	1,367	1,367	-
Policy, leadership, and public relations	13,012	13,012	
Total	77,714	77,714	-
Ancillary services	242,750	235,047	7,703
Total expenditures	836,162	788,139	48,023
Excess of revenues over expenditures	(3,061)	18,810	(21,871)
Other financing sources (uses)			
Fund balance appropriated	12,474	-	12,474
Transfer to other funds	(9,413)	(9,413)	
Total	3,061	(9,413)	12,474
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	9,397	\$ 9,397
Fund balance, beginning		36,079	
Fund balance, ending		\$ 45,476	

Gates County Board of Education, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Capital Outlay Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

		2014	Variance
_	Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Gates County:	400000	A 400 000	•
Appropriation from county	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	<u> </u>
Other:			
Interest earned on investments	91	101	10
Sales tax refund	968	969	1
Total other	1,059	1,070	11
Total revenues	101,059	101,070	11
Expenditures:			
Capital Outlay:			
Land and buildings	101,059	117,579	(16,520)
Vehicles	76,014	76,014	-
Total expenditures	177,073	193,593	(16,520)
Excess of revenues over expenditures	(76,014)	(92,523)	16,509
Other financing sources			
Installment purchase obligation	76,014	76,014	
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	(16,509)	\$ (16,509)
Fund balance, beginning Fund balance, ending		66,112 \$ 49,603	

Gates County Board of Education, North Carolina Statement of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP)

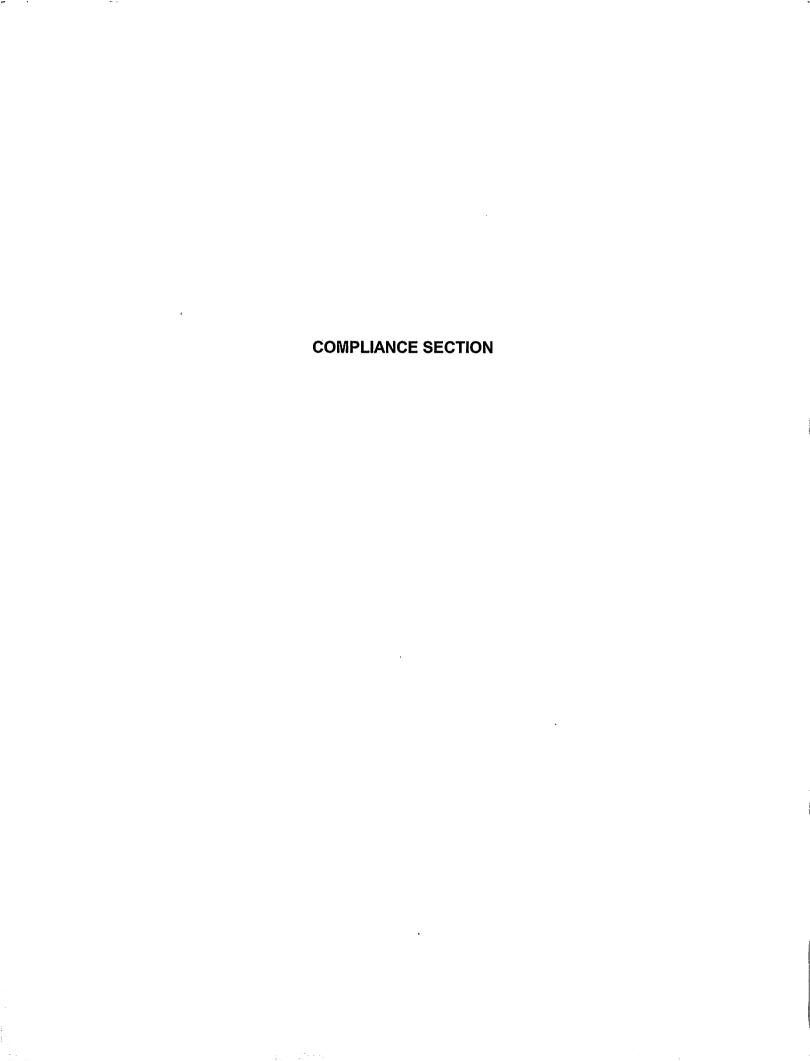
School Food Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

				2014		
						/ariance Positive
		Budget		Actual		legative)
Operating revenues, food sales	_\$_	271,199	\$	261,251	_\$_	(9,948)
Operating expenditures:						
Business support services:						
Purchase of food		-		306,385		-
Donated commodities		-		55,487		_
Salaries and benefits		-		492,295		-
Indirect costs		-		81,598		-
Materials and supplies		-		34,890		_
Contracted services		-		13,175		-
Travel				475		-
Other		_		1,423		_
Total operating expenditures		1,038,104		985,728		52,376
Operating loss		(766,905)		(724,477)		42,428
Nonoperating revenues (expenditures):						
Federal reimbursements		575,767		538,696		(27.071)
Federal commodities		55,487		55,487		(37,071)
Interest earned		22		55,46 <i>1</i> 24		2
Indirect cost not paid		77,755		81,598		
Depreciation expense				01,090		3,843
Total nonoperating revenues (expenditures)	-	(11,309) 697,722		675,805		11,309 (21,917)
F		· ·				
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures						
before other financing sources		(69,183)		(48,672)		20,511
Other financing sources:						
Fund balance appropriated		69,183		-		(69,183)
Transfer from other funds				42,713		42,713
Total other financing sources		69,183		42,713		(26,470)
Excess of revenues and other sources over (under)						
expenditures	\$			(5,959)	<u>\$</u>	(5,959)
Reconciliation of modified accrual to full accrual:						
Reconciling items:						
Depreciation				(10 169)		
Indirect costs				(10,168) 81,598		
Indirect costs Indirect costs not paid				•		
•				(81,598)		
Decrease in inventory				(5,276)		
Decrease in vacation pay			•	3,729		
Change in net position (full accrual)			<u>\$</u>	(17,674)		

Gates County Board of Education, North Carolina Statement of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) Child Care Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

				2014		
		Budget	Actual		Po	ariance ositive egative)
Child care fees	_\$_	180,000	_\$_	182,864	\$	2,864
Expenditures:						
Regular community service:						
Salaries and benefits		159,702		159,702		-
Purchase of food		19,570		19,575		(5)
Materials and supplies		9,187		6,087		3,100
Contracted services		72		72		-
Workshops		502		502		-
Other		225		225		
Total expenditures		189,258		186,163		3,095
Revenues over expenditures		(9,258)		(3,299)		5,959
Other financing sources:						
Transfer from other funds		9,258	-	9,413		155
Revenues and other sources						
over expenditures		-		6,114	\$	6,114
Reconciliation of modified accrual to full accrual:						
Reconciling items:				_		
Change in net position (full accrual)			\$	6,114		



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DOUGLAS A. HOLLOWELL, C.P.A.

DONNA HOLLOWELL WINBORNE, C.P.A.

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance and Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Members of the Board Gates County Board of Education Gatesville, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Gates County Board of Education, North Carolina as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprises the Gates County Board of Education's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 13, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Gates County Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Gates County Board of Education's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material

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THE NORTH CAROLINA ASSOCIATION OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described as 2014-1 in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Gates County Board of Education's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2014-2 and 2014-3.

Gates County Board of Education's Response to Findings

Idl and

The Gates County Board of Education's response to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Board's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Elizabeth City, North Carolina

October 13, 2014

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DOUGLAS A. HOLLOWELL, C.P.A.

DONNA HOLLOWELL WINBORNE, C.P.A

Report On Compliance For Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; In accordance with OMB Circular A-133; and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Members of the Board Gates County Board of Education Gatesville, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Gates County Board of Education, North Carolina, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement and the Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Gates County Board of Education's federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014. The Gates County Board of Education's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Gates County Board of Education's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments. and Non-Profit Organizations, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, OMB Circular A-133, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Gates County Board of Education's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Gates County Board of Education's compliance.

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Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Gates County Board of Education complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Gates County Board of Education is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Gates County Board of Education's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Elizabeth City, North Carolina

October 13, 2014

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DONNA HOLLOWELL WINBORNE, C.P.A.

Report On Compliance With Requirements Applicable To Each Major State Program And Internal Control Over Compliance; In Accordance With OMB Circular A-133 and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Member of the Board Gates County Board of Education Gatesville, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

We have audited the Gates County Board of Education, North Carolina, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Gates County Board of Education's major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2014. The Gates County Board of Education's major state programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Gates County Board of Education's major state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and applicable sections of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, as described in the Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Gates County Board of Education's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Gates County Board of Education's compliance.

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Opinion on Each Major State Program

In our opinion, the Gates County Board of Education complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are required to be reported in accordance with applicable sections of section OMB Circular A-133 as described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2014-2 and 2014-3. Our opinion on each major state program is not modified with respect to these matters.

The Gates County Board of Education's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs and corrective action plan. The Gates County Board of Education's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Gates County Board of Education is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Gates County Board of Education's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2014-2 and 2014-3 that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

The Gates County Board of Education's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs and corrective action. The Gates County Board of Education's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Elizabeth City, North Carolina

October 13, 2014

Section I. Summary of A	uditors' Results		
Financial Statements			
Type of auditors' report issue	d: Unmodified		
Internal control over financial	reporting:		
Material weakness(es) ider	ntified?	X_yes	no
Significant Deficiency(ies) that are not considered to material weaknesses		yes	X none reported
Noncompliance material to fine statements noted	nancial	yes	X_no
Federal Awards			
Internal control over major fe	deral programs:		
Material weakness(es) ider	ntified?	yes	Xno
Significant Deficiency(ies) that are not considered to material weaknesses		yes	X none reported
Type of auditors' report issue	d on compliance for major federal programs:	Unmodified	
Any audit findings disclosed to be reported in accordance of Circular A-133	ce with Section 510(a)	yes	Xno
	. •		
CFDA Numbers	Names of Federal Program or Cluster Title I Grants to Local Education	_	
84.010 10.553 & 10.555	Agencies-Basic Child Nutrition Program Cluster		
Dollar threshold used to distir Type A and Type B Progra	•	\$ 300,0	<u>000</u>
Auditee qualified as low-risk a	auditee?	yes	Xno

Section I. Summary of Auditors' Results (contd.)		
State Awards		
Internal control over major State programs:		
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	Xno
Significant Deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses	X_yes	none reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major State progra	ams: Unmodified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 510(a) of Circular A-133	yes	Xno
Identification of major State programs:		
Program Name State Public School Fund		
Section II. Financial Statement Findings		

•

Finding: 2014-1

MATERIAL WEAKNESS

Criteria: Moneys collected should be deposited daily unless the governing board has given its approval to require deposits only when moneys on hand amount to as much as \$250.

Condition: Per North Carolina General Stature 115C-445, moneys collected should be deposited daily unless the governing board has given its approval to require deposits only when moneys on hand amount to as much as \$250. Moneys collected at Gates County High School were not timely deposited.

Effect: Moneys were not timely deposited, and so the Board was not in compliance with North Carolina General Statute 115C-445.

Cause: Moneys received were not turned in timely to the bookkeeper.

Recommendation: Moneys received in the classrooms should be turned in to the school bookkeeper daily and bank deposits of those funds should be made on the same day.

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions: Communication has been established with all parties at the school level concerning the importance of timely deposits as set forth in the General Statutes. Back-up personnel are currently being trained to ensure that monies are deposited daily, in the event of an absence by the bookkeeper. This will be closely monitored.

Section III. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported.

Section IV. State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

N.C. Department of Public Instruction
Program Name: State Public School Fund

FINDING: 2014-2

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY

Criteria: Local Education Agencies should comply with all aspects of Session Law 2011-147, Gfellar-Waller Concussion Awareness Act. This includes a requirement that each student athlete and a parent sign an information sheet related to concussion and head injuries.

Condition: Ten student athletes did not have a signed information sheet. The were no concussion forms completed for coaches, nurses, first responders, or volunteers for Gates County High School. There were two coaches who did not have concussion forms for Central Middle School.

Effect: The Board was not in compliance with Session Law 2011-147.

Cause: Personnel did not verify that each student athlete had returned an information sheet signed by both the student and a parent and that a signed information sheet was maintained for coaches, nurses, first responders and volunteers.

Recommendation: A procedure should be established to verify that there is an information sheet signed by both the student and a parent for all student athletes and that there is a signed information sheet for all coaches, nurses, first responders, and volunteers.

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions: At the high school, a different assistant principal is now assigned to handle athletics. At the October City/County Athletic Directors meeting, a new High School Athletic Eligibility Form was previewed which will allow the school's athletic director to document receiving the Gfeller-Waller concussion forms. We will institute use of that form at our high school and at our middle school. The administrators at both schools are aware of the necessity to verify the receipt of the signed concussion forms for the parents, athletes, coaches, then nurses, first responders, or volunteers participating in each sport.

Section IV. State Award Findings and Questioned Costs (cont'd)

N.C. Department of Public Instruction
Program Name: State Public School Fund

FINDING: 2014-3

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY

Criteria: Local Education Agencies should comply with all aspects of Session Law 2011-147, Gfellar-Waller Concussion Awareness Act. This includes a requirement that the Emergency Action Plan (EAP) be reviewed by an athletic trainer licensed in North Carolina, approved by the principal of the school, distributed to all appropriate personnel, and reviewed and rehearsed annually by all licensed athletic trainers, first responders, coaches, school nurses, athletic directors, and volunteers for interscholastic athletic activities.

Condition: While the EAP did include documentation of review by an athletic trainer licensed in North Carolina, it was not updated and approved with the new required language for lightning procedures. There was no documentation of review and annual rehearsal by all staff and volunteers associated with interscholastic athletic activities.

Effect: The Board was not in compliance with Session Law 2011-147.

Cause: The Board did not properly document its EAP as required under Session Law 2011-147.

Recommendation: Written documentation of review by an athletic trainer licensed in North Carolina when changes are implemented and documentation of review and annual rehearsal by all staff and volunteers associated with interscholastic athletic activities should be maintained.

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions: The Emergency Action Plans will be reviewed three times at least throughout the school year to be sure it is updated. Documentation of review and rehearsal by all staff and volunteers associated with interscholastic athletic activities will be done using the new High School Athletic Eligibility Form at both the high school and the middle school.

Gates County Board of Education, North Carolina Corrective Action Plan For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Section II. Financial Statement Findings

Finding: 2014-1

MATERIAL WEAKNESS

Name of contact person: Rube Blanchard, Finance Officer

Corrective Action: Communication has been established with all parties at the school level concerning the importance of timely deposits as set forth in the General Statutes. Back-up personnel are currently being trained to ensure that monies are deposited daily, in the event of an absence by the bookkeeper. This will be closely monitored.

Proposed Completion Date: October 31, 2014

Section IV. State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Finding: 2014-2

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY

Name of contact person: Adrienne Bradley, Director of Student Services

Corrective Action: At the high school, a different assistant principal is now assigned to handle athletics. At the October City/County Athletic Directors meeting, a new High School Athletic Eligibility Form was previewed which will allow the school's athletic director to document receiving the Gfeller-Waller concussion forms. We will institute use of that form at our high school and at our middle school. The administrators at both schools are aware of the necessity to verify the receipt of the signed concussion forms for the parents, athletes, coaches, then nurses, first responders, or volunteers participating in each sport.

Proposed Completion Date: The new eligibility form should be in place by November 17, 2014.

Gates County Board of Education, North Carolina Corrective Action Plan For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Section IV. State Award Findings and Questioned Costs (cont'd)

Finding: 2014-3

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY

Name of contact person: Adrienne Bradley, Director of Student Services

Corrective Action: The Emergency Action Plans will be reviewed three times at least throughout the school year to be sure it is updated. Documentation of review and rehearsal by all staff and volunteers associated with interscholastic athletic activities will be done using the new High School Athletic Eligibility Form at both the high school and the middle school.

Proposed Completion Date: The Emergency Action Plans will be reviewed by local certified athletic trainers and LEA staff. The EAPs will be reviewed and rehearsed by all staff and volunteers associated with interscholastic athletic activities at the beginning of each of the particular sports seasons. Completion of all reviews and rehearsals will be done by April 30, 2015.

Gates County Board of Education, North Carolina Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Section II. Financial Statement Findings

Finding: 2013-1

Status: This finding has been corrected.

Finding: 2013-2

Status: This finding has been repeated.

Section IV. State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Finding: 2013-3

Status: This finding has been repeated.

Finding: 2013-4

Status: This finding has been repeated.

Gates County Board of Education, North Carolina Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	State/ Pass-through Grantor's Number	Expenditures
Federal Grants:			
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
Non-Cash Assistance (Commodities)			
Passed-through the N.C. Department of Agriculture: National School Lunch Program	10.555		55,487
Non-Cash Assistance	10.555		55,487
Cash Assistance			
Passed-through the N.C. Department of Public Instruction:			
School Breakfast Program	10.553		\$ 388,379
National School Lunch Program	10.555		150,838
Total Cash Assistance			539,217
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			594,704
U.S. Department of Education Cash Assistance			
Passed-through the N.C. Department of Public Instruction:			
Title I, Part A Cluster			
Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies (Title I, Part A of ESEA)	84.010	PRC 050	416,902
Special Education Cluster:			
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) - Education of the Handicapped	84.027	PRC 060	249,998
IDEA - Children with Disabilities - Risk Pool	84.027	PRC 114	57,643
IDEA VI-B Special Needs Targeted Assistance	84.027	PRC 118	10,879
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool) - Preschool Handicapped	84.173	PRC 049	22,410
IDEA - Targeted Assistance for Preschool Federal Grant	84.173	PRC 119	1,933
Total Special Education Cluster:			342,863
NC State Improvement Project (NC SIP)	84.323	PRC 082	14,663
Adult Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	PRC 017	20,131
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	PRC 103	75,352
Rural Education	84.358	PRC 109	24,038
ARRA - Race to the Top	84.395	PRC 156	31,637
Total U. S. Department of Education			925,586
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Division of Social Services:			
Medical Assistance Program	93.999		25,573
National Endowment for the Arts			
A+ Grant	45.024	13-5100-7137	3,507
Total federal assistance			1,549,370

Gates County Board of Education, North Carolina Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	State/ Pass-through Grantor's Number	Expenditures
State Grants:			
Cash Assistance			
N. C. Department of Public Instruction:			
State Public School Fund			\$ 11,857,371
Driver Training - SPSF		PRC 012	29,090
School Technology Fund - SPSF		PRC 015	24,150
Vocational Education			·
- State Months of Education		PRC 013	690,978
- Program Support Funds		PRC 014	120,843
Total N. C. Department of Public Instruction			12,722,432
N. C. Arts Council - Department of Cultural Resources:			
Cultural Resouces Grant		FY14-78678	6,940
Cultural Resouces Grant		FY14-78263	6,300
Total N. C. Arts Council - Department of Cultural Resources			13,240
N. C. Department of Health and Human Services:			
School Nurse Grant			98,529
Division of Child Development:			
NC Pre-Kindergarten Program			140,362
Department of Juvenile Justice:			
Passed-through Gates County:			
Juvenile Crime Prevention Program			32,831
Non-Cash Assistance			
N. C. Department of Public Instruction:			
School Buses Appropriation			76,014
Textbooks			24,015
Total State Assistance			13,107,423
Total federal and State Assistance			\$ 14,656,793

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards:

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards includes the federal and State grant activity of Gates County Board of Education and is from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements. Therefore some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented on the modified basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act.